"True to his charge-he comes, the Herald of anoisy world; News from all nations lumb ring at his back."

TERMS OF THE

Bentucky Gazette, PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING By I. T. CAVINS.

The price to Subscribers, is, THREE DOLLARS per annum, PAID IN ABYANCE, the contrary notwithstanding. or FOUR DOLLARS at the end of the year All new subscribers must in every instance be paid in advance.

The TERMS OF ADVERTISING in this paper, are, FIFTY CENTS for the first insertion of every 15 lines or under, and TWENTY-FIVE CENTS for each continuance; longer advertisements in Giving the Right of Pre-Emption to James same proportion.

All communications addressed to the ed-

must be post paid. F All advertisements not paid for in ad sonce, must be paid for when ordered to be continued.

laws of the United States.



By Anthority.

For the Relief of Richard S. Hackley: Be it enacted by the Senate and House of representatives of the United States be paid to Richard S. Hackley, or of any money in the Treasury not charwise appropriated, the sum of six shousand two hundred and thirteen dolhim, in and about the detention of the soip Vigilant, seized by him at Cadiz, in the year one thousand eight hundred and nine, under the orders of George W. Erving, Esquire, then Minister of the United States in Spain.

H. CLAY, Speaker of the House of Representatives. JOHN GAILLARD, President of the Senate pro tempore Washington, May 15, 1820.—Approved,

JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT

For the Relief of Persons holding confirmed unlocated claimes for Lands in the State of Illinois.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all persons lawfully holding confirmed unlocated claimes for land within the tract reserved by the third section of the act, entitled "Anact confirming certain claimes to land in the Illinois Territory, and providing for their location," passed the sixteenth day of April, in the year onet housand eight hundred and fourteen, be allowed until the first day of November, one thousand eight hundred and twenty, to register the same: and the said claims shall be receivable in payment for public lands within the said reserved tract, conformably with the provisions of the said act, and of the act, entitled "An act making further provision for settling claimes to land in the Territory of Illinois," passed the twenty sixth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and sixteen, at any time before the first day of November, one thousand eight hundred and twenty.

H. CLAY,
Speaker of the House of Representatives JOHN GAILLARD. President of the Senate, pro temporo Washington, May 15, 1820. Aproved: JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT

In addition to the act, entitled "An Act making Appropriations for the Support of the Government for the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty,' and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That cargo of the polacre Vickelage, captur-the following sums be, and the same are ed on her passage from Algiers to the of the act, mittled "An act to promote of America in Congress assembled, That bereby, appropriated, that is to say.

For compensation granted by law to the members of the Senate and House of Representatives, in addition to the appropriation he clofore made for that object, twenty three thousand three hundred and forty dollars.

For rebuilding the public wharf, and repairing the public warehouses, on Staten Island, fifteen thousand dollars.

For graduating the Capitol Squre putting the grounds in order, and planting trees within the same, two thousand

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the several appropriations hereinbefore made, shall be paid out of any moneys in the Treasury, not otherwise appropria-

Sec. S. And be it further enacted, That July, one thousand eight hundred and seventeen, be paid out of the sum of one by being pursued by an enemy, and of representatives of the United States of PANA IEL M.C. PANA For Lexing of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and the Secretary of the Treasury be, an

ready appropriated for arrearages prior | bovementioned; in which cases, the he is hereby, authorized to pay to Am- 16 Don't give up the Ship." to the first of July, one thousard eigh hundred and fifteen; any thing in the act entitled "An act in addition to the several acts for the establishment & regu lation of the treasury, war, and navy, departments," passed the first of May, one thousand eight hundred and twenty to

H. CLAY, Speaker of the House of Representatives
JOHN GAILLARD,
President of the Senate, pro tempore Washington, May 15, 1820. JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT Shields.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House f representatives of the United States f America in Congress assembled That ames Shields be, and he is hereby, entitled to a preference in becoming the purchaser, at private sale, of fractional sections numbered eighteen, in township numbered six, norh of range numbered six, east of the second principal meridian within the limits of the Jeffersonville district; at the same price, and on the same terms and conditions, as are provided by law for the other public lands in the said district at private sale.

H. CLAY,
Speaker of the House of Representatives
JOHN GAHLLARD. President of the Senate, pro tempor Washington May 12, 1820 Approved: JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT
For the Relief of James Leander Catheast.
Be it enacted by the Senate and House of rnfiresentatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That of America in Congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers in the to ma agent or attorney, duly authorized, Treasury Department be, and they are hereby, authorized to setle the account of James Leander Cathcart, and to allow his claim for one half of a bill of exars and seventy four cents; being the c angedrawn by John Robertson, masamount of expenses incurred and paid by ter of the brig Independent, on the Sec. retary of State of the United States. paid by him, and charged to said James Leander Cathcart; also, for one thousand lollars paid by said Catheart, for the support of American captives at Algiers; and two thousand dollars paid by him for his ransom from Algerine captivity; and five thousand six hundred dollars, for twenty-eight months' service, between October, seventeen hundred and ninetyfour, and July, seventeen hundred ninety seven, in originating and promoting the negotiation with Algiers, for the liberation of American captives, the conclusion of a treaty of peace, and the procuration in the United States the pre sents afterwards forwarded to Algiers. And that the said claimes and services be paid to said Cathcart, out of any money in the Treasury, not otherwise appropri ated by law; the said Catheart receiving the same in full satisfaction of all his claims against the United States.

H. CLAY,
Speaker of the House of Representatives. of the Sennite foro tem; Washington, May 15, 1320.—Approved: JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT Authorizing the Settlement of the Accounts between the United States and Richard O'Brien, late Americane Consul at Algiers.

Be it enacted by the Senate and Hous f representatives of the United States f America in Congress assembled, That the propper accounting officers of the Treasury Department be, and they are hereby, authorized and directed to liquidate and settle the accounts subsisting between the United States and Richard O'Brien, late American Consul at Algiers under the institution and direction of the Secretary of State, and that the amount due upon such settlement to said Richard O'Brien be paid out of any money in the Treasury, not otherwise appropriated: Provided, That this act shall not be construed to authorize the allowance of any claim, except such as might have been settled at the Department but for loss of vouchers, and that no allowance shall be made for any interest of the said Richard O'Brien in the United States.

H CLAY, Speaker of the House of Representative JOHN GAILLARD. President of the Senate pro tempo Washington, May 15, 1820. - Approved, JAMES MONROE.

Designating the Ports within which only for-eign armed Vessels shall be permitted to

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of representatives of the United States America in Congress assembled, That after the first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and twenty, it shall not be lawful for any foreign armed vessels to enter any harbor belongng to the United States, excepting only those of Portland, Boston, New-York. Philadelphia, Norfolk, Smithville in from the first of July, one thousand North-Carolina, Charleston, and Mobile, eight hundred and fifteen, to the first of unless when such vessels sholl be forced

commanding officer shall immediately report his vessel to the collector of the district, stating the object or causes of his entering such harbor; shall take such position therein as shall be assignet him by such collector, and shall conform himself to such regulations as shall be signified to him by the said collector, under the authority and direction of the President of the United States.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the President of the United States to employ such part of the land and naval forces of the United States, or the militia thereof, as he may beem necessary to enforce the provisions of the first section of this act; and the President shall also be authorized to employ such forces to prevent any foreignarmed vessel from entering or remaining within any waters within the jurisdiction of the United States, except such as shall lie in her direct cources in entering from sea, or leaving, to proceed to sea, either of the harbors abovemen-

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That this act shall continue in force until the first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-two, and no longer.

ndred and twenty-two, and
H CLAY,
Fresident of the House of Representatives
JOHN GAILLARD,
President of the Senate, pro tem
Washington, May 15, 1820.-Approved,
JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT

For altering the Times for holding the Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania, and for other purposes.

Re it enacted by the Senate and House of representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the terms of the district court for the western district of Pennsylvania, which are now directed by law to be holden on the first Mondays of the months of June and December, in each year, shall hereafter be holden, for the said district, o the first Monday in May, and second

Monday in October, in each year. Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That all actions, suits, process, pleadings, and other proceedings, commenced or pending in the said district court, shall s good and valid to the said first Monlay in May, and second Monday in Ocober, in each year, as if this change had not been made, any law to the contrary

notwithstanding. Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That appeals and writs of error shall lie from decisions in the said district court for the western district of Pennsylvania, when exercising the powers of a circuit court, to the Supreme Court of the United States, in the same manner as from circuit courts; and that so much of the 4th section of the act, entitled "An act to divide the state of Pennsylvania into two judicial districts," passed on the twenti eth day of April, one thousand eight JOHN GAILLARD, hundred and eighteen, as provides that writs of error shall lie from decisions in the said district court to the circuit court in the castern district of Pennsylvania,

be, and the same is hereby, repealed. Sec. 4. And be it further ena d, That; there shall be allowed to the district Attorney, and to the Marshal of the said western district of Pennsylvania, and the ble if he requires it.

Lex. Sept. 21, 1820.—38 northern district of New-York, the yearly sum of two hundred dollars each; to commence from the twentieth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and nineteen; to be paid quarterly, at the Treasury of the United States.

H. CLAY, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

JOHN GAHLLARD,

President of the Senate, pro tempore.

May 15, 1820 Approved:

JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT

Authorizing the Secretary of State to issue Letters Patent to Henry Burdin Be it enacted by the Senate and House of representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, the Secretary of State be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to issue Letters Patent to Henry Burdin, for his im provement in the construction of a plough the progress of the usual arts, and to repeal the act heretofore made for that purpose," and an act, entitled "An act to extend the privilege of obtaining patents for useful discoveries and inventions to certain persons therein mentioned, and to enlarge and define the penalties for violating the rights of patentees," except so far as the said acts, or any paut or parts to them, require a residence of two years within the United States, in like manner, in all respects, as if the said Henry Burdin had resided two years within the United States.

H. CLAY. Speaker of the House of Representatives JOHN GAILLARD, President of the Senate pro tempore. Washington, May 15, 1820. Approved JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT For the Relief of Ambrose Vasse.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House

brose Vasse, of the town of Alexandria, in the District Columbia, the sum of thirteen thousand three hundred and seventy eight dollars and sixty three cents, being the sum awarded to be paid him for the cargo of the ship Olive Branch, by the Board of Commissioners, under the seventh article of the treaty of the twentieh of November, one thousand seven hundred and ninety four, between the United States and Great Britain; Provided, There is as much money remaining of the fund which, by law, was appropriated for the payment of the awards under the said-seventh article of the said treaty: or to pay such part thereof, as the fund aforesaid, remaining in the Treasury, will enable.

H. CLAY. H. CLAY,
Speaker of the House of Representatives,
JOHN GAILLARD,
President of the Senate, pro tempore.
Washington, May 15, 1820—Approved:
JAMES MONROE.

LEXINGTON COFFEE HOUSE

Benjamin Lauphear, TILL OCCUPIES THE HOUSE AT THE

(Sign of the Indiaa Queen.) ND having employed Mr. WM. LONG, a gentleman of experience and veracity superinted his stables, he is determined that gentleman shall have the least occasion to find fault, either with the House or Stable He feels grateful to his friends and the public or their support hitherto, and hopes in future merit and receive their patronage.

He would do injustice to his feelings, were he not to return his most grateful thanks to his Masonic Brethren, for their kind and accommodating dispositions, manifested at the ast meeting of the Grand Lodge. Lexington, Ky. Sept. 7, 1820.

MR. E. THOMAS, MUSICAL PROFESSOR, Lately from Europe and the Eastern Cities.)

ESPECTFULLY informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Lexington, that he intends to open a MUSIC SCHOOL, in this place, AT MR. DARRAC'S BALL ROOM,

Where he intends to teach the Clarionette, Flute, Flagoelet and

Guilar. Mr. THOMAS will give private lessons : he habitations of those ladies and gentle

en who may desire it. For terms enquire at Mr. Lanphear's Tavern.

Fresh Hogs' Lard, OR family use, for Sale by the small or Timothy, Blue-Grass, and an as-

sortment of Garden Seeds, Best LAKE SHAD, smoked,
SPANISH BROWN, WHITING, CHALK,
and PAINTS, and OH of every kind.
ALSO,
A CLOSE BODY COACH, for Sale cheap.
JOHN STICKNEY.

Sept. 28, 1820-39-3

LOST.

A LARGE EAR RING of fine Gold; was A dropped in Main-street, near the corner of Mill-street, on Monday the 18th inst A gentleman in Domestic Clothing was seen to pick it up by a bystander, who it is hoped will leave it at Mrs SAUNDERS' Millinary Store, where he will be rewarded for his trou

Notice.

THOSE indebted to WILLIAM LEAVY or to the subscribers, either by note of account, are particularly requested to come forward and settle their respective dues.
WILLIAM LEAVY & SON. Lexington, 14th Sept. 1820-37-6t

Rope-Making Business.

THE subscribers having rented Mr. Hart's Rope Walk for a term of years, with the intention of carrying on the

Rope-Making Business, In all its various branches, they will give the ighest price in CASH for HEMP, delivered said Walk, where BALE ROPE, CA BLES and TARRED ROPE, of all descrip ions, may be had on the shortest notice, war ranted of equal quality to any manufactured in the United States. They wish to purchase quantity of TAR. MORRISON & BRUCE

Lexington, Jan. 15, 1820-tf

The Sign of the GOLDEN RUSE Is Kemoved from No. 7, Cheapside, to

No. 84, Main-street, ONE door below S. KEEN'S HOTEL, and will be open for the reception of visitors—where (as usual) the smallest favour will be acknowledged with gratitude, By their obedient servant, J. M. PIKE.

July 27th, 1820;

FOR SALE, LIFE estate, occupied by Geo. Adams for several years past, at Frogtown in Fayette county, of about

10 Acres of land, Including the Mills, Still-House, two Stills &c

Blacksmith's Shop, Store House, Dwelling House, &c. As the same land was sold under a decree of the Eayette Circuit Court last fall, some credit will be given, and po-



ENTERTAINMENT.

LUKE USHER,

late fire was considerable, yet he has used the utmost exertions to prepare himself for the comfortable accommodation of those who may favor him with their custom.

Lexington, Dec. 3, 1819.—49tf N. B. A few gentlemen can be accommodated with boarding; on reasonable terms.

Ran Away

ROM the subscriber, on Friday night last, a NEGRO MAN SLAVE, named TOM He is near six feet high, black skin, handsome form and features, well made and stout, about twenty-four years of age. He can read and perhaps write. As he is well supplied with clothes, it is quite uncertain what he has on; amongst other articles, he has a handsome blue cloth coat. It is probable that he has taken a young SORREL MARE belonging to the subscriber. The Mare is only three years old, large and tolerably well made-has rather heavy jaws, trots but cannot pace.

For the recovery of the Slave and Mare,

or either of them, an adequate reward shall C. HUMPHREYS. Jnne 29, 1820-26tf

- HEMP. THE HIGHEST PRICE CASH IN HAND,

Given for Hemp, Delivered at the Rope Walk formerly the property of James Kenns, dec'd, on Water-HENRY WATT.

Lexington, February 5, 1819-tf Sugar, Salt, Nails &c. THE subscribers have received per the STEAM BOAT FAYETTE-ORLEANS SUGAR, in Barrels, SHAD and MACKAREL, ALLUM and Liverpool SALT, CUT NAILS, of all sizes.

And are in expectation of receiving withm few days, a choice collection of SUMMER GOODS, all of which will be sold at their usual low prices.

THEORD & TROTTER.
Lexington, June 20, 18 0.—24 Lexington Brass, Iron & Bell



CONTINUES to carry on the FOUNDER.
ING BUSINESS, in the town of Lexing. ton, second door below the Theatre, Water street, where all kinds of

Brass and Iron Work for

Machinery &c. May be had on the shortest notice. Also, will be kept on hand BELLS for Taverns, Houses and Horses; refined Wagon, Carriage and Gigg BOXES; Hatter's, Tailor's and FLAT IRONS; Scale Weights and Woffle Irons; Gun Mountings and Clock Castings; Rivets and Still Cocks, with many other articles too tedious to mention.

Lexington, June 18, 1819-25tf



Luke Usher, DEGS leave to inform his friends, and the public, that he has added to his present

ESTABLISHMENT, that beautiful and well known place of refreshment and recreation Fowler's Garden,

Where Ladies and Gentlemen may, at the shortest notice, be accommodated with Dinners or other refreshments, on moderate terms. And in order to render comfortable e situation of Ladies who may be inclined to visit those Gardens, Mrs. Usher has re moved to this delightful spot, where she wil se her best endeavors to make their visitpleasant and entertaining. And from the as siduous attention which will be paid at al times to his guests at the Gardens, he hopes to give general satisfaction to all who may ionor him with their company.

17 Lexington, April 22

A Great Bargain. POR SALE in Jessamine county, near the head of the South Fork of Clear creek. a Farm containing

300 Acres first rate land, 120 acres cleared, a never failing spring, fine Apple Orchard. For further particulars apply to the subscriber on the premises. Sept. 9th, 1820—37*

85 Bollars Rewrad.

HE Memorandum Book advertised to have been lost by me on the 20th inst. containing

390 Dollars,

In notes on the Virginia Bank and Farmers Bank of Virginia, has been found and return-ed with only Five Dollars of the money. The person having the money is at liberty to return the balance: say 300 Dollars, and no ques-tions asked. He can inclose it under cover to Mr. Samuel Ayres, or to myself, and deposit it in the letter box of the Post-office in this

Lexington, Sep. 23, 1820.-39

On Eagle's wings immortal scandals fly; Whilst virtuous actions are but born and die."

Reconciliation.

I IAVE returned from Missouri sooner than I expected when I left this country, and was very agreeably disappointed to find my wife at my father's, where she had been a month, and whither she had fled from savage cruelty, a bill having been filed for a divorce by a certain set, without it being by any means her wish to part with me. A mutual reconis now perfectly willing to go to Missouri with me, where we will be out of the reach of the cause of all our disturbances. I have, with feelings of heart felt pleasure, forgiven her for all the injuries that have been done me through her by a few finished villians, (my personal enemies) that could not otherwise reach me, and have restored her to my fullest confidence. It is the desire of my soul, that the citizens should attach as small a portion of censure to Mrs. EVANS as the nature of the ease will possibly admit of-those that may not see proper to place it on the proper per-sons, rather than they should put it on her, will please attach it all to me. Believing it to be noble to spare an enemy when he is in your power, and more especially out of res-pect to Mrs. E. as I should be necessarily compelled to very seriously criminate some of her hereafter remain silent, I shall decline the publication promised in this paper on my last starting to Missouri, although it would be somewhat gratifying to my feelings to ponr-tray about three first rate and two petty scoun-drels. The citizens would do well to be cas-tious how they put confidence in any reports that may proceed from the patent lie manufacturing hall, alias Martinsville, of Marble creek, Jessamine county. Without casting the smallest reflection on my wife, is not the the smallest reflection on my wife, is not the foregoing circumstance alone sufficient to put to silence my enemies, and all busy babblers, and cause them to hlush and hide their faces in confusion, when they should again attempt to profane my name? To my friends I tender my respectful compliments, of my enemies I

JOHN T. EVANS. Wardinsburg, Sept. 9th, 1820—39*

Lexington Ware House.

WICKLIFFE and JOHN BRADFORD, their large BRICK WARE-HOUSE, in Water street, solicits patronage from the public. An inspection of Tobacco, &c. has been established by her beautiful and the street. lished by law, and inspectors appointed. To-bacco inspected at this Ware-house can be shipped as cheap as from any point above Frankfort, and at any season that boats can go from Louisville.

C. BRADFORD.

WOOL. WILL give the highast price for clean common country WOOL, in KENTUCKY STATE PAPER, delivered at the Factory or

Sept 1820.-37

to John Bryan & Son, Saddlers. THOS. ROYLE.

Kexington, May 20, 1820 .- 22tf NOTICE.

between Samuel Trotter, George Tratter, Jr. dec'd and Robert G. Dudley, trading under the firm of ROBERT G. DUDLET & Co. was dissolved in the month of December, 1815, and the co-partnership of the same parties composing the firm of SAMUEL & GEORGE TROTTER & CO. expired by limitation on the first day of January last -

Notice is therefore Given. That the Books, Notes and all other Papers of said concerns, are deposited with SAML. TROTTER, as partner and agent of said firms, for the purpose of receiving all debts due to them, and liquidating those due by said firms. It is necessary to the parties concerned, that speedy payments should be made, and in case of failure suits will be commenced without de-(Signed)
SAMUEL TROTTER,

JAMUEL TROTTER, ZExe'rs. of Georg.
JAMES TROTTER, Trotter, Jr. dec'd
ELIZA TROTTER, Executrix.
Lexington. Feb. 23d, 1820—8-4m.

Straw Bonnets.

Mrs Saunders, As just received a good supply of Straw Bonnets, some of them elegantly fine:— Also, Gymps and Leghorns, and every article

Also, Gylby Kept in the Millinary line, with Ribbons and Domestic Cottons.
33.3 Levington, Aug. 8th, 1820. LAW OFFICE.

Wm. T. Barry & Laurence Leavy AVING associated themselves in the practice of LAW, will attend to any business that may be entrusted to them. Their Office is kept opposite the Court-house, on Main street, adjoining Morton's corner.

Lexington, Sept. 23, 1819—39-tf

Hemp Wanted.

THE highest CASH price will be given for HEMP, at the Factory of JOHN BRAND. Dec 24---52-tf

CUT NAILS. JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE,

40 KEGS Sd, 4d, 6d, 8d and 10d Philadelia CUT NAILS, of an excellent quality, by

Of all kinds done at this Office. Lex. Aug. 8, 1820.—33

LEXINGTON:

THURSDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 12.

MILITARY PUNISHMENTS. We have already devoted more of our time to this subject, than we could have the Monitor in relation to it, which has again and again, admitted our statements our readers, to present to their view at it, but first asking their pardon, for so often bringing to their view a paper so quibbling and uncapdid as the Monitor. In its last number, it has put up a kind of plea of the statute of limitation for the guilty; admitting that some eighteen months ago ear cropping had taken place in the army, but not within twelve months-and so much the worse for its character, that such outrages have been so long suffered to go unpunished. But cret tribunal acquitted me of all crime, tyranny exercised by the officers. How- jury. But it was now (after the trial d struction of the afflicted mother ever we do not wonder at it. Power has the tribunal was such as to render false in all ages been abused by its possessors, and no army ever existed capable of controlling its country which has not bound to give up the names of our authors, for no person aggrieved by our statements, has yet called for them; and

By the last Mail.

pertinent curiosity.

THE QUEEN'S LETTER TO THE KING. |

Sin ;-After the unparalleled and un-II provoked persecution which, during against me under the name and authority of your majesty - and hich persecution instead of being mollified by time, time has rendered only more malignant and unrelenting-it is not without a great sacrifice of private feeling that I now, even in the way of remonstrance, bring sequences that may result from the preto unheard of proceeding; -with a mind thus impressed, I cannot refrain from laying my grievous wrongs once more justice which your majesty may, by evilrefuse to the claims of a dutiful, and in-

and forbids me to refer minutely to the my aufferings, and ensure my humilia- reported that there are grounds of proreal causes of your domestic separation, or to the numerous uumerited insults offered me previously to that period; but, leaving to your majesty to reconcile with the marriage vow the act of driving by such means, a wife from beneath your roof, with an infant in her arms. your Majesty will permit me to remind you, that, that act was entirely your own; that the separation, so far from being sought for by me, was a sentence pronounced upon me, without any cause assigned, other than that of your inclinations, which, asyour Majesty was pleased to allege, were not under your con-

Not to have felt, with regard to myself, chagrin at this decision of your Majesty. would have argued great insensibility to the obligations of decorum; not to have riches, it would have been strange indropped a tear in the face of that beloved child, whose future sorrows were then too easy to foresee, would have marked came much less a scene of polished manme so unworthy of the name of mother; but, to have submitted to it without repining would have indicated a consciousness of demerit, or a want of those feelings which belong to affronted and insulted female honour.

The "tranquil and comfortable society" tendered to me by your majesty formed, in my mind, but a poor compen sation for the grief occasioned by considering of your elevation to the Regency, to that ministers having a majority in this case, ering the wound given to public morals of my departure for the Continent—and which reasons do not apply to comin the fatal example produced by the in- would be to describe every species of mon cases. Your majesty is the plaindulgence of your majesty's inclinations; more especially when I contemplated and every pain, short of bodily violence vate peers. Many of the present peers the disappointment of the nation, who that can be inflicted on, any human be- have been raised to that dignity by yourhad fondly cherished such pleasing ing. Bereft of parent, brother, and fa- self, and almost the whole can be, at your hopes of happiness arising from that ther-in-law, and my husband for my dead-will and pleasure, further elevated. The union, and who had hailed it with such liest foe; seeing those who have promis- far greater part of the peers hold, by affectionate and rapturous joy.

fort were too much for me enjoy .- From accusing my foes in the face of the world the will and pleasure of your majesty, the very threshold of your majesty's mansion; the mother of your child was ther of my child, and from a desire to take away whenever you please. There pursued by spies, conspirato s, and traitors, employed, encouraged, and rewarded to lay snares for the feet, and to plot ness, by those who were my natural asso- them wio might thus be deprived of against the reputation and life, of her

than a voice from Heaven would have har cheering caresses, and to hear from new peers may be created for the purmade me fear injustice or wrong of any her lips assurances of never ceasing love; pose, and give their votes in the decikind. What, then, was my astonishment thus to be comforted, consoled, upheld. been carried on matured, perjurics a- edme. Even on the slave mart, the cries necessary to render their prosecution gainst me had been methodized and em- of "Oh! my mother, my mother! Oh! successful, there can be very little bodied, a secret tribunal had been held my child, my child?" have presented a doubt; seeing that they have hitherto wished; and it has been occasioned by and decision had been made upon those your advisers, more inhuman than the odious. the malicious attacks made upon us by actions, without my baving been infor-the Monitor in relation to it, which has med of the witnesses? and what words from the child. can express the feelings excited by the fact, that this proceeding was founded on and protector?

duct which has since undergone, even censured in minutes of the Privy Counsel-not withstanding the secrecy of the theregiving of false evidence against It was no opportunity afforded me of rebutthese circumstances, so decidedly favourable to my enemies-even this seswearing before it not tegally criminal! And thus, at the suggestion and request competent to examine witnesses on oath, for redoubling your persecutions. competent to try, competent to acquit or condemn, and competent, moreover, to we are not bound to gratify idle or im- gainst me, from suffering the pains and and informers, to discover, collect, and " Marcellus" to Wm. T Barry in our dignation naturly must have been at that indignation was lost in pity for him embassadors in such a business, and of the dust by giving his countenance and ertprise, but on the measures which favour to the most conspicuous of those abandoned and notorious perjurers.

Still there was one whose uprigh mind, nothing could wrap, in whose breast injustice never found a piace, whose test; it is for me to apprize you of my and was always ready to raise the un- [deicrmination. ortunate, and to rescue the oppressed. While that good and gracious father and myself to address this letter to your Ma- As long as the protecting hand of your Against this I protest, and upon the fol- rows pursued me with unrelenting per- mediately, admist the shouts of the mul jesty. But, bearing in mind that Royalty late ever beloved and ever-lamented rests on the basis of public good; that father was held over me, I was safeto this paramount consideration all others But the melancholy event which deprived ought to submit; and aware of the con- the nation of the active exertions of its virtuous King, bereft me of a friend and protector, and of all hope of future tranquility and safety. To calumniate your innocent wife, was now the shortest road to Royal favour; and to betray her, was to before your majesty in the hope, that the lay the sure foundation of boundless riches and titles of honour. Before minded counsellers, be still disposed to claims like these, talent, virtue, long jured wife, you may be induced to yield your Royal engagements, promises, and for here your majesty is the plainliff to considerations connected with the hon- pledges, written, as well as verbal, melted Here it is intended by the bill to do you our and dignity of your crowm, the stabil- into air Your Cabinet was founded on what you deem good, and to do me great ity of your throne, the tranquility of your this basis. You took to your councils, harm. You are, therefore, a party, and dominions, the happiness and safety of men, of whose persons, as well as whose the only complaining party. your just and loyal people, whose gene- principles, you had invariably expressed. You have made your comrous hearts revolt at oppression and cru- the strongest dislike. The interest of house of lords. You have conveyed to elty, and especially when perpetrated by the nation, and even your own feelings this house written documents sealed up. a pervesion and a mockery of the laws. in other respects, were sacrificed to the A secret committee of the house bave A sense of what is due to my charater gratification of your desire to aggravate examined these documents. They have tion. You took to your councils & your whose power has been exercised in a vorce and degradation manner, and has been attended with con-

sequences, worthy of its origin. From this unprincipled and unnatural union, we sprung the manifold evils which this tion has now to endure, and which present a mass of misery and degradation, accompanied with acts of tyranny and cruelty, rather than have seen which in-

When to calumniate, and betray me, became the sure path to honour and deed, if calumniations, reviters, and traitors, had not abounded. Your Court beners, and refined intercourse, than of law intrigue and scurility. Spies, bacchanalian tale-bearers, and foul conspirators, swarmed in those places which had before been the resort of sobricty, virtue, and honour. To enumerate all the va rsous privations and mortifications which had to endure-all the insults that were | course, against me. wantonly heaped upon me, from the day, personal offence that can be offered to, tiff; to you it belongs to appoint and ele-But, alas! even tranquility and com am nest my on is; restrained from sions, and other emoluments, solely at out of regard for the character of the fa- and these, of course, your majesty can prevent her happiness from being dis- are more than four fifths of the peers in

slave-dealers, remorsely tore the mother

having matter of more importance to and my natural, as well as legal guardian sence, in the hope that time might res- sition upon the nation and the world. tore me to her in happier days. Those Notwithstanding, however, the unpre- days, alas! were never to come. To mothis time, we shall for the present drop cedented conduct of that tribunal-con- thers-and these mothers who have been suddenly bereft of the most affecin Parlianmet, severe and unanswered tionate and only daughters—it belongs to is well acquainted with the fact, that a animadversions, and which has been also estimate my sufferings and my wrongs. Such mothers will judge of my affliction upon hearing of the death of my child, proceedings of this tribunal-notwith- and upon my calling to recollection the standing the strong temptation to the last look, the last words, and all the affecting circumstances of our separation, me before it-hotwithstanding that there! Such mothers will see the depth of my sorrows. Every being with a heart of sympathy with me. world, then, learn with indignation, that his event, calculated to soften the hardall this shews the wretched situation of and pronounced my principal accusers est heart, was the signal for new conspithe unprotected soldier, and the wanton to have been guilty of the grossest per- racies, and indefatigable efforts for the was over) discovered, that the nature of Your Majesty had torn my child from me; you had deprived me of the power of being at hand to succour her; you had aken from me the possibility of hearing of your Majesty, had been created, to of her last prayers for her mother; you take cognizance of and try my conduct, saw me bereft, forlorn, and broken heartdone so. We do not feel ourselves yet a tribunal competent to administer oaths, ed; and this was the moment you chose

Let the world pass its judgment on the constituting of a commission, in a foreign screen those who had sworn falsely a- country, consisting of inquisitors, spies, penalties which the law awards to wilful arrange matters of accusation against and corrupt perjury. Great as my in- your wife, without any complaint havthis shameful evasion of law and justice, the world judge of the employment of who could lower his princely plumes to the enlisting of foreign courts in the enhave been adopted to give final effect to these preliminary proceedings it is for me to speak; it is for me to remonstrate with your Majesty; it is for me to pro

I have always demanded a fair trial This is what I now demand, and this is Sovereign remained in the exercise of refused me. Instead of a fair trial, I am child, and with her my only comfort and day, which was granted, and the house his Royal functions, his unoffending to be subjected to a sentence by the Pardaughter-in-law had nothing to fear .- liament, passed in the shape of a law .lowing ground:

The injustice of refusing me a clear and distinct charge, of refusing me the names of the places where the alleged acts have been committed, these are suf-ficiently flagrant and revolting; but it is more manly than per jured witnesses and against the constitution of the Court it- partial tribunals; and they are less cruself that I particularly object, and that I most sole nnly protest.

Whatever may be the precedents as to bills of pains and penalties, none of them, except those relating to the queen place in the same tomb with my child; services, your own personal friendships, of Henry the Eighth, can apply here;

ceedings; and then the house, merely bosom, men whom you hated, whose upon that report, have brought forward abandonment of, and whose readiness to a bill containing the most outrageous sacrifice me were their only merits, and slanders on me, and sentencing me to di-

The injustice of putting forth this bill to the world for six weeks before it is even proposed to afford mean opportunity of contradicting its allegations is too manifest not to have shocked the nation; and, indeed, the proceedings even thus far are such as to convince every one that no justice is intended me. But if firefed on his industrious, faithful, and none of these proceedings, if none of brave people, your royal father would these clear indications of a determinahave perished at the head of that peo- tion to do me wrong had taken place, I should see in the constitution of the house of lords itself, a certainty that I could expect no justice at its hands

Your majesty's ministers have advised this prosecution; they are responsible for the advice they give; they are liable to punishment if they fail to make good their charges; and not only are they part of my judges, but it is they who have brought in the bill; and it is too notorious that they have always a majority in the house; so that, without any other, here is ample proof that the house will decide in favor of the bill, and, of

But further, there are reasons for your urbed; shunned, from motives of selfish-libis situation, and there are many of

ciates; living in obscurity, while I ought the far better part of their incomes.

In withdrawing from the embraces of ly child. To permit me to enjoy this ject the bill, some of these peers may bell my parents, in giving my hand to the son was too great an indulgence. To see ordered away to their ships, regiments. of George the Third and the heir-appa- my daughter; to fold her in my arms: governments and other duties; and Middlesex, but as it was signed by the rent to the British, throne, nothing less to mingle my tears with hers; to receive which is equally an alarming power, That your majesty's ministers at finding that treasons against me had and blessed, was too much to be allow- would advise these measures, if found -s trial of my actions had taken place, seperation of the victims of avarice. But stopped at nothing, however unjust or

To regard such a body as a court of justice would be to calumniate that sa- mense. The Lord Chancellor arrived Thus bereft of the society of my child, cred name; and for me to suppress an at the House of Lords at a quarter past or reduced to the necessity of imbitter- expression of my opinion on the subject to be true, whilst abusing us for making a request made, and on evidence furnishing her life by struggles to preserve that would be tacity to lend myself to my Wellington arrived on horsekack. them. Being tired of the subject, and ed, by order of the father of my child, society, I resolved on a temporary ab- own destruction, as well as to an impo-

In the house of commons I can discosame in both houses; and your majesty several times. our majesty's treasury.

ing that evidence-notwithstanding all humanity in its bosom, will drop a tear of must either protest against this mode of from her travelling carriage, repeatedly And will not the trial, or, by tacitly consenting to it suffer bowed to the assembled multitude. my honour to be sacrificed. No innostrumental in my own dishonour.

On these grounds I protest against a court wherethe jurors are taken impartially from amongst the people, and head, which covered her bust where the proceedings are open and fair. Such a trial I court, and to no other will persevere in the present proceeding, I hall, even in the houses of parliament, ace my accusers; but I shall regard any decision they may make against me as not in the smallest degree reflecting on my honour; and I will not, except coming been communicated to her; let pelled by actual force, submit to any sentence which shall not be pronounced by a court of justice.

I have now frankly laid before your majesty a statement of my wrongs and You-have cast upon me every slur to which the female character is liable. In happiness of the whole community." stead of leving, honoring, and cherishstead of loving, honoring, and cherishing me, agreeable to your solemn vow, you have pursued me with hatred and two counsel could be heard. Mr De scorn, and with all the means of dos- man, on account of indisposition aske truction. You wrested from me my the indulgence of being heard the nex consolation-You sent me sorrowing adjourned. through the world, and even in my sorsecution. Having left me nothing but titude. my innocence, you would now, by a mockery of justice, deprive me even of ceeding, the votes were, Contents 41the reputation of possessing that. The el, inasmuch as life is less valuable than nonour. If my life would have satisfied your majesty, you should have had it, on the sole condition of giving me a but since you would send me dishonored to the grave, I will resist the attempt with all the means that it shall please God to give me.

CAROLINE, R. Brandenburgh house, Aug. 7, 1820.

THE QUEEN'S TRIAL.

House of Lords, August 17.

Sir Thomas Tyrwhill, Usher of the Black Rod, very kindly and condescen- over without a ques ion being put to his dingly gave directions for admitting the Majesty's ministers in the House of centlemen connected with the Press be- | Lords, as to their interference with desore any other persons. The conse-potic courts on the continent, against the bled to obtain a station the most conve- for a representative government. Rutient for their labours which the space, mours of a policy fatal to the peace and aid out for the witnessess & the queen's ternal disturbance, the public mind counsel. The peers immediately began should not be alarmed by accounts of to take their seats within the bar, and subsidies, and of interference with conti-Colcraft and Mr. Grenfell,) took up sta- | bankrupey tions between that and the throne.

in the appropriation of seats. The Jud- from the Holy Alliance on the subject and took seats beside them. They were this news." afterwards joined by Judge Dallas-By ten o'clock the house was filled, and the attendance of Peers complete.

Mr. Cooper, clerk of the house, read The names were immediately called o- traordinary mission.

The lord chancellor delivered apologies which he had received from about posed and old ago.

better entitled to the benefit of it .- from Na les. Nevertheless he was determined to do

whom your majesty had so recently and to have been the centre of all that was so solemnly vowed to honour, to love, and spended; thus humbled, I had one consolers a disposition to recently and the city of the city of the city of the common council of the Counci spended; thus humbled, I had one conshould be tound in some peers, thely to
solution left—the love of my dear and onan, ount to a majority, a disposition to repenaltics and against the pains and War, was summoned to attend. ImProclaim, that tame with virtue never dies.

similar petition from the freeholders of Sheriff Perkins on behalf of the meeting, t was read only as his petition.

PHILADELPHIA, SEP. 27. The Electra, from London, brings papers to the 15th, with which we have een favored by her owners.

The trial of the Queen commenced on the 17th of August, before the House which assembled in the vicinity was imeight. At half past nine the Duke of papers say his reception was not flatterg .- The duke of York appeared on norse-back shortly after, and was gree-

sembled in the square greeted her with It really gives me pain to state these the most enthusiastic cheers, the clap hings to your majesty; and, if it gives ping of hands, and the waiving of hats & your majesty pain, I beg that it may be handkerchiefs. Her majesty graciously observed, and remembered, that the expressed her gratitude by frequent instatement has been forced from me. I clinations of her head, and on alighting

After the House of Lords had been or ence can secure the accused if the ganized, the Queen, attended by Lady judges and jurors be edosen by the ac- Hamilton, and followed by her counsel cuser; and if I were to submit to a tri | entered the House from the robing room. bunal of this description, I should be in- Their Lordships rose and made an obeisance. Her majesty took her seat in a chair prepared for her beside the steps of this species of trial. I demand a trial in the throne. She was dressed in mourning, with a white veil thrown over her

> After some preliminary points of law had been settled, Mr. Brougham, the purpose of being heard generally against speech of considerable 1 ngth, which he concluded as follows:

"The sooner you retrace the step you were induced to take in an unwary moment, the sooner you will promote the peace and real safety of the country, and the more you will consult the true dignity and honor of the crown If your lordships decide that this measure sh. a declaration of my views and intentions. proceed no further, you will be saviour of the state, and secure the substantia

formed by the Lord Chancellor, that be

The Queen left the house almost im

On the question for annulling the pro Non-Contents 200.

Lord Bryon, arrived in London on the vening of the 17th inst just. is to House of Lords had adjourned, with dis patches for the Queen from the Contin-

The accounts from the Continent, re present tranquility to be restored in Ita

LONDON, AUG. 15. Peers are crowding to town from al parts from the continent as well as Scot land and Ireland. The metropolis will be more full of nobility and gentry that

at any time within the memory of mar The Pioneer schooner is now passing upthe river Thames, with a cargo of witnesses against the Queen, from the conti-The doors of the house were opened nent, which she received from a foreign man of war in the North Sea.

We trust that this day will not pass uence of which was that they were en- effects of the people who are struggling below the bar allowed, being in one of credit of this country are abroad; and it is he divisions immediately behind that material that, at a a moment of such inseveral of the leading commoners (a- nental disputes, that would, to o moral mong them were Mr. Tierney, Mr certainty, plunge us into the gulph of

ons between that and the throne.

At twenty-five minutes before ten o'- don Times writes, under date of the 8th clock the lord chancellor entered the of August, "The French government house. The bishop of Llandaff imme-did not permit the Paris journals to publiately read prayers. The lower part lish the note of the Russian Cabinet unof the house became a scene of unusual til it appeared in the papers of Milan and bustle and interest, the fulness of atten- Florence. The Ministers of the great dance seeming to cause some difficulty powers are now preparing a declaration ges of the King's Bench (the Chief Jus- of the late events in Spain and Naples, ice, and Justices Best & Holroyd) took which will be published with the greattheir seats on the woolsack. Barons est solemnity. The Censors have pre-Richards and Gorrow enteredsoon after vented the Paris journals from giving

VIENNA, JULY 26. Prince Cariati, major general in the service of the two Sicilies, arrived here the order for calling over the house .- on the 23d instant charged with an ex-

Nothing is now talked of but an important determination said to be taken by our government on the subject of the forty peers, son.e abroad, others indis revolution in Naples. As this relates to the secret deliberations of the Counthe support brought by rewards to be themselves and families, offices, pen the lord chancellor read a letter cit, it may be conceived that few persons and other emoluments, solely at from the Duke of Sussex, praying the sons can know the real truth; every bohouse to excuse him on account of con- dy, however, concurs in opinion that an Is British valor shown. This distant shore, extraordinary resolution has been re-The Duke of York said, that if such solved on since the arrival of Prince de To future times, then, votive tablet tell, a claim were admissible he was much Cariati in the quality of Ambassador

from Nay les.

On the 24th, a secret Council was held at Schoenbrun, at which the Emperor presided, which Baron de Stip- And though he " floats upon a na Ev bier

The Dake of Leinster presented a mediately after this Conner had broke up, orders, it is asserted, were sent into Illyria and to the Cisalpine provinces, to assemble a corps d'armee in the Lom-

bardo Venetian kingdom. I enclose you the letter of Captain JOSEPH J. KING, NAVAL Aid to I'S Excellency. Also his Excellency's official general order, respecting our victories which you will publish if you think proper, also this, is at your discretion. I shall give you every information respectof Lords. The concourse of people ing our transactions in this part of the world; and have the honor to be your's most respectfully, &c.

> Extract of a letter from Madrid, dated July 3, 1820, published in the London. Morning Chronicle.

"I have since my last seen so much of the famous Patriotic Societies, that meet ver no better grounds of security. The ted with loud cheers, which his Lord- three times a week at the Fontena de power of your majesty's ministers is the ship acknowledged by taking off his hat Oro and Cruz de Maita, to convince me, that they mainly tend to keep the flame is well acquainted with the fact, that a At a quarter past nine precisely, the of patriotism alive. These Societies majority of this house is composed of Queen arrived at St. James squre from are in correspondence with the others persons placed in it by the peers and by Brandenburg house. The people as throughout the Peninsula, and are attende by thousands of all classes whenever the debates take place: it is worthy of remark, that the most strenuous advocates of liberty, and the ablest speakers, are PRIESTS.* It is thought that the United States will still succed in securing the Floridas. The most difficult question of all for the Cortes is that of South America: such are the deep root. ed prejudices of the nation as to that country, and the almost total ignorance that prevails with regard to the state of things there, that those Members of the Chamber who see the necessity of adopting some great and liberal measure on the subject, are afraid either to write or speak of it, lest they should shock the feelings of the people and lose their popularity. The only novelty in the Press is a n w Government P per called Ga-I willingly submit. If your majesty Queen's counsel came forward for the ceta del Gobieron; the first number aneared on the 1st, and contained two inthe principle of the Bill. He made a teresting articles on the state of England nd France; the vils under which both those countries suffer are very freely and liberally canvassed by the writer. Conversing with one of their Editors a few days ago, he observed, 'Ah! my friend, things are strangely altered in this world, it was but the other day that you pitied us, whereas now you are all objects of commisseration to Spain."

> xtract of a letter from a gentleman in Georgetown, (Demerara,) to the Editors of the N w York Commercial Advertiser, dated July 10, 1820.

"This is the strangest country I ever w. The inhabitants are dying in great numbers, by the yellow fever-yet the survivors are dining in parties, drinking, singing, fidding and dancing, with unoncern. I have seen nothing like sorow expressed at the death of an individal, except by two your men, who had ust returned from the funaral of the leventh out of their mess, which consisted of thirteen. Dr. M ____, a physican of skill and experience in the disases of this climate, told me a few evenig's since, that a foreigner stood no more than one chance in seventy five, to survive three years.

"A few Sund ys since, I attended the English church, and the preacher being very uninteresting, I cast about for omething mor ed fying. The first objord that attracted my att ntion, was the monume t of Capt. Peake, placed upon

ioner wall of the Caurch, directly pposite my seat, and within legible distance. Having a pencil and paper in my pocket, I deliber ely copied from it the following inscript on, which I send you, thinking that it may serve to call to your mine s me of the gallant deeds of the lamented Lawrence. By it you will see that Johnny Bull does not hesitate to fib even on the marble of the tomb, when the truth w ll derogate at all from the naval powers o O d England. It is true that Peake lel in an unequal combat, but unfortunately for British skill and alour, the odds were on the side of the English vessel. The Peacock, as you will recollect, mounted 18 guns and the Homet but'16. If this is not conclusive as to the inequality, the result of the action certainly must be-the Peacock having 33 wounded, and the Hornet but one killed and four wounded. It is not known low many were killed on board the Peacock, as she sunk, and all were entombed together.

INSERIPTION

Sacred To the Memory of CAPT. WILLIAM PEAKE, the brave and highly respected commander of his Majesty's Brig Peacock; whose death was glorious, as his

bife was honerable.

Engaged in unequal combat with the American sloop of war Hornet, a cannon s ot in mercy, terminated his existence almost at the moment that his gallant vessel, consigned to the deep,
gave a watery sepulchre to the remains of
her lamented chief.
To commemorate

this glorious, but fatal engagement, which took place on these shores on the twenty-fourth day of February, 1812, and to perpetuate the name of a distinguished officer, His Excellency Gen. Carmichael, acting

Governor, sympathizing with the generous feelings of the inhabitants of this United Colony, in the universal expression of sincere regret was pleased to graut in their behalf,

this memorial to his FAME.
Where'er through climes old Ocean rolls,
From the equator to the frost-bound poles,

How bravely PEAKE here fought-lamented



WESTERN INTERESTS.

There has been placed in our hands, a letter from the Navy Commissioners, winter, until it be dried by the sun in the addressed to Col. RICHARD M. JOHNson, our able and indefatigable supporter of the interests of the western country. The letter encloses two documents market, none of this hemp reaches St which will be found below :- the one on Petersburg until the following Spring. the subject of the manufacture of sail That is two years after it was sown cloth, cordage &c. and the other on the as Lintseed, Rye or Wheat. Land of a culture of hemp in Russia. We scarce- sandy soil may also be employed for it ly know which to admire most, the zeal but then it must be strongly manured of our senator in communicating with otherwise it will be too short, and a flat the navy tribunal on this interesting topic, or the promptness and candor of the reply. The future prosperity of this Hemp and 12 Chetwirts of Hemp seed section of the Union mainly depends on agricultural and manufacturing pursuits. Whatever tends to the encouragement concernment to the people on this side dear, and where the climate and soil are ed at the last session of congress, it is | w ich it is made, and whence it is of ca hoped, will pass into a law, in some sy and cheap transportation to market, could not, it is believed, fail to yield am s ape or other, during the approaching ple remuneration for the capital and term of that great assemblage of na- labor employed in it. tional legislators. Virginia, and some of the more commercial states, last The yarn is spun by machinery—and spring, carried a high and pertinacious both warp and west yarns are thoroughhand in opposition to the encouragement ly cleansed before they, are wove, by of home industry. We hope the "anboiling twice, with pot and pearl ashes. commercial allies, will have gotten into boiling, should, it is believed, be pera better humor, before their representa- ormed as follows: tives visit Washington this winter. Why it is—and how it is—that a little tobacco interest would deteriorate the magnanimity of so old and enlightened a state ces, until fermentation begins to subside, as Virginia, we are at a loss to conjecture. However, we shall hope for the tumn, and when taken out of the steep,

vating and preparing Hemp in Russia. washed in a considerable stream of clear In Russia, when the season is mild, the the Hemp seed is sown about the 1st of June, old style. The richer the soil of the land employed for it, the better: a Chetwirt of seed (one hundred Chetwirts are equal to 73 quarters Winchester proportion of ashes. measure) is sown on a piece of land of 80 fathoms English feet long, and 50 far 11b. best American pot, 2 to 48 poun 11b. best St. Petersburg Pearl, 5 of yarns. thoms broad. The land is first ploughed and to be again hand washed as above and and harrowed, and about 200 single wrung. And then to be put on poles, horse loads of dung being spread upon it, it is left for six days, when it is again pen air where they must remain from 14 ploughed and the seed is sown, and harto 21 days, as the weather may render nerowed the same day. In about four cessary, care being taken to turn & snake months the seed becomes ripe, and the Hemp is then pulled up with the roots. If it be allowed to remain too long in the ground, it is apt to become too harsh. t is bound into heads or bunches of four for six hours, with the following proporhands full each these are hung upon tion of ashes, viz: 2lbs. best American sticks placed horizontally, and allowed pearl to 48lbs of yarus, to be again hand by the state, is o remain so for two days. It is then washed and wrung, and then to be put on made into cut or threshed hemp as be poles, properly shaken out and hung in most agreeable. The cut Hemp is the open air from, 7 to 14 days according made by cutting off the heads containing to the state of the weather, and if not the seed, these are put into the kiln, and then dry, to be dried in a stove or drying after remaining there 18 hours, the seed house; and it is now ready to be wove on is beaten out. If threshed hemp is to bobbins, warped and put in the loom. be made. The heads or tops must not be cut off, but the bunches of Hemp the yarns can be performed during the placed entire in the kiln, and if the wea- months of November and December, or ther be warm it will be sufficiently dry January-and seldom in February, exin three days, when the seeds must be cept it be in very mild and temperate tresned out of the heads. In either case three days after the seed is esparated from it. The hemp must be put to steep or rot either in a steam or pond, and, that the hemp may be entirely emersed it is put under wooden frames upon which stones are placed, or where they are not to be had, earth is substituted, after the frames are covered with bolt contains 40 yards. There are 8 and acchange it for the present currency planks. The clearer and purer the wa- numbers used in the American service. of the state. ter the better will be the colour of the hemp. where the water is warm, three weeks steeping will be sufficient. But if cold, as in Rivers, Springs, &c. five weeks or longer may be necessary. At the expiration of this period, a head of the hemp is taken out and dried. If no beating and cleaning it. The husk comes off, the hemp may then be taken out of the water; but if the husk still adheres to it, it must be allowed to remain! some time longer. The trial must be facture of sail cloth, yet some are of orepeated from time to time till the husk | pinion that herap sown very thick, and separates, when the hemp must be taken | pulled at a period to produce a fibre or out of the water and suspended to dry as hurd, on a medium between the ordinabefore directed, on its being taken off the ground. The hemp is made into as flax for all the heavy numbers of cantwo sorts, distinguished by the names of vas. This it is believed, would be high Spring and Winter hemp, the former by profitable to the agriculturalist. being dry and rather of a withered appearance. The latter more moist an of a fine brownish green colour. Con-

taining more of the vegitable oil, and

heads obliquely with iron and wooden instruments of a large two edged Knife, lastly, to unravel it is drawn through a wooden comb or card with one row of wide wooden teeth fixed perpendicular-

The Hemp is then laid up or suspended in sheds, and is fit to be sorted bound into bundles, and loaded into

barks. The Hemp to be prepared as Spring hemp is allowed to remain suspende and exposed to the weather the whol Spring, when it is broken and cleaned in the same manner as Winter Hemp. As the greatest part of the Summer elapses before it can be made fit for the The Hemp is sown in the same manner country should always be prefered.

One Chetwirt of seed commouly yield 22 loads (upwards of 66 English) of

Observations on the Manufacture of Sail Cloth.

of these, must be of deep and general CLOTH, in a country where labour is not A well conducted factory of SAIL of the mountains. The tariff bill discuss- adapted to the growth of the material of

In the manufacture of Sail Cloth, flax is preferred, both for the chain and waft cient dominion," as well as some of her The operations of steeping, washing and

> FOR THE FRST BOILL. The Yarns to be steeped under cover in plain hot water, without any admix-

ture of acids or their deleterious substanwhich will generally take place about five best hereafter. We shall give the letter to be well washed, viz: The warp yarns each mill full, six minutes-and the west yarns each mill full, twelve min-Observations on the M-thod of culti- utes. The yarns are then to be hand running water, or through a five or six inch pipe of clear water and wrung. After this they are to be boiled from 6 to 8 hours according to the strength of the fire (and the boiler having neither nettings or falsebottoms) with the following

> properly shaken out and hung in the oout the hanks of least every second day.

FOR THE SECOND BOIL. The yarns to be again washed as above and wrung, and afterwards to be boiled

None of these operations of preparing

climates. As to the method of weaving, it has been observed that the cloth can be woven equally well, either by power or hand; but it is believed that the manufacturer would find it greatly to his interest to weave by power. The cloth when wove is 20 inches wide, and each their weight and price are as follows:

No. 1 weighs 45lb, 6 price \$22 50 ,, 42 6 ,, 39 22 00 99 99 ,, 4 ,, 21 75 99 19 00 18 00 " 7 17 00 . 8 16 00

Although it has been stated previous ly, that flax is preferred in the manury hemp and flax, would be fully as good

> FROM THE AMERICAN FAMER. Salem, N. C. 21st August, 1820.

OHN S. SKINNER, Esq. Sir,-In the month of March 1803 therefore the most apt to heat, though if not shipped at St. Petersburg, or Riga, travelling then in East Tennessee, near before September, there is not much the French Broad River, I staid one risk of its heating any more on board the | night at a place, where my horse could ships. Especially in a short voyage, as get nothing else, nor had any thing else to England, and are the best for Cables. than raw corn, and that plentifully, as If it be intended that the Hemp should he would eat. In the morning, the horse be early ready for market. It is made drank very freely, and I suppose too has into Winter Hemp by the following pro-tily, and too much at once. Having cess:—On being taken out of water, it lode on, in less than a mile, my horse beis left suspended in the open air for about a formight, where it is put in the kiln for 24 hours. After which it is was met by a man, who, observing that

broken by means of a hand-mill, and the | my horse was foundered, told me, that | makers, racking their brains to find caphusk is then beaten off by striking the as soon as I obseved it, I ought to have dug up a piece of sassafras roct, and tied it to the bridle bit; he then alighted, and with his pocket-knife dug up a piece of that root, and assisted me in tying it to the bridle-bit: then advised me, to lead my horse to the next plantation, about a mile distant, if I could get him there, and to make a strong decoction of sassafras root, and drench the horse with it, and he would be well .- With some difficulty I got my horse to said plantation put him into the yard, and had hardly time to unsaddle him, before he fell; and there he lay, not being able to stir. I went at it immediately, dug up a quanity of sassafras root, washed them clean, poiled them water, so as to make a strong decoction, and then poured out some in order to cool the sooner. By this time the landlord came home, who added some common salt to my decoction, say a small handful to a quart, and assisted me in drenching the horse, pouring down his throat a black bottle full of the deoction at a time. We had a good deal of trou le to do it, as the horse lay motionless on the ground, not being able to stir, and it was with difficulty that we raised his head. It was about four o' clock in the afternoon, we first observed some restleness in the horse, but we could not yet rouse him on his feet; in this we succeeded about five o'clock and the good man offered me to take my horse upon his wheat field, if I could get him there. The field being near, I led him there, stiff as he was, where he picked a little of the green wheat for about half an hour, when night coming on, I ed him in again. No other enclosure being convenient, I was under the necssiy to put the horse into a stable, that was He had not any food given him that night, except a few blades of corn older, which lay scattered in the stable. -Next morning I went early to the stable, and observed my horse standing, seemingly quite well .- I put the saddle on him, and walked my way further a few miles, leading the horse after me: - Observing the horse to walk well at his usual gate, I ventured on him, and rode him. He walked as well as ever, nor was the least sign of stiffn ss observable on him, and he was, and continued to be

> no other food than some blades of corn What virtue the sassafras root had, or if it have any, to restore a foundered horse, I leave to others to determine. I have been a little verbose, but bink it better in this case, than merely to say, my horse was quite gone by the founder, and was wonderfully and quick ly restored to good health by a drench of the decoction of sassafras root.

as well as ever before. I gave him, how-

ever, on the first day after his founder

ABRAHAM STEANER. P. S. No unsoundness was afterwards observed in the hoofs of the horse.

FROM THE CLARION, NEWBANK OF THE STATE OF TENNESSEE.

The writer of the following remark has observed much opposition, in the newspapers, to the above institution; and as a citizen of the state of Tennessee, feels it a duty which he owes to his fellow citizens, to place the true situation of the bank before them .- They can then judge for themselves. In the fir-t place, we will examine the

capital of the bank.

The sale of the stock authorised \$250,000 The first payment of the Hiwas see lands, it is believed by good udges will be

The money in the treasury of the state, say

\$450,000 From the above statement it will appear, that four hundred and fifty thousand dollars of capital in specie, or the notes of the other banks of this state, will be in the vaults of this institution in hree months from this date.

From the charter, the directors may not issue more than five hundred thousand dollars for some time; thence it will appear that the bank has in its power, and will be able to redeem nearly the whole of its paper, when presented. should the holders think proper to call

Three-fourths of the amount of sales of the Cherokee lands is payable in ten ears, with interest, to be paid annually, nto this bank. The interest on \$450,believed the lands will sell for) is twen. waited on at their own houses. ty-seven thousand dollars. The interest arising yearly to the bank for discounts, on, say \$500,000, is \$30,000-and if one million is loaned, \$60,000 .- The yearly surplus revenue of the state, say will be \$25,000, we then have the yearly income to this institution for ten years, as follows:

Interest on Cherokee land \$27,000 Interest on loans,

60,000 Revenue of the state,

8112,000 Dednot the expenses of the institution, which will not exceed, annually,

\$100,000 Leaving a yearly increase of capita to the bank of one hundred thousand dol' lars, which in ten years will be one million -This together with the present capital of \$450,000, makes the enormous sum, in ten years, of one million four hundred and fifty thousand dollars. These are no airy dreams, but a real statement of the bank of the state of Ten-

tal for this bank, if they will look a little -head, they will find that the only dan ger to be apprehended, is, that it will in time, have too much capital; thereby raising in the state a powerful movied ar-istocracy DA, LAS DALLAS,

Nashville, Sept. 26, 1820.

CONCERT.

Mrs. M.B R I D E. daughters, she will give a concert on

> This Evening the 12th inst. AT MR. GIR N'. BALL ROOM

A number of Gentlemen Amateurs have indly tendered their assistance. She therefore trusts to meet the patronage of an enightened public. The performance will conist of a choice selection of the most admired SONGS and RECITATIONS.

Tickets to be had at Mr. Lanphear' at Mr. Giron's, at Mr. Pike's, and at this Office. Doors open at 7, performance to commen

t half past 7 precisely.

For particulars see bills

Tammany Society

ANNIVERSARY. Columbian Order, will meet at their great Wigwam on THIS FVENING the 12th of the month of Travelling at the going

lown of the Sun, to celebrate the Anniversary of the discovery of America: Members are requested to be punctua

By order of the Grand Sachem,
I. T. CAVINS, Sec'y.
Month of Travelling, 5th, Y. D. 329.

NOW PUBLISHING.

AND WILL BE READY TO DELIVER TO SUBSCRI-BERS AT THE OFFICE OF THE Lewington Public Advertiser, On or befor the first of next month, A General Instructer:

Compiled for the use and benefit of Justices of the Peace, Sheriffs, Coroners, Constables, Jailors, and Jurymen, in the commonwealth of Kentucky, adapted to the laws now in force. THIS is the most extensive work of the kind

ever published in the United States, and embraces copious extracts from the most aproved common law writers, on the following ubjects, viz

Accessary, Affray, Apprentice, Assignments, rrangements, Arres Arson, Assault, Awards, Bail, Barratry, Bonds, Burglary, Carriers, Certiorali, Commitment, Constables, Coroners, Covenants, Criminals, Confession, Distress Escapes, Evidence, Felony, Hue and Cry, Ho-Escapes, Evidence, Felony, thie and Cry, Homicide, Habeas Corpus, Infants, Information, Jail and Jailer, Judgments, Juries and Jurors, Justices of the Peace, Larceny Libel, Lunatics, Main. Maintenance, Mandamus, Misderesce, Nuisence, Gaths, Pardon, Perjury, Prison Breaking, Process, Rape, Recognit, zance, Rescue, Restitution of Stolen Goods Riot, Rout and unlawful assembly, Robbery Search Warrant, Sheriff, Slander, Suretics for the peace, Sureties for good behaviour, Treason, Treasure found, Warrant, Wife and Wo men ;- Together with the statutary pro visions, on these as well as every subject coming within the jurisdiction of Justices of

nment, to perform their respective duties vith promptitude and safety.
This work will be also enriched with neary four hundred precedents or forms, compri sing not only all such as are used in legal pro mer. Mechanic, Manufacturer or Merchant as well as all other private citizens, and ena-blidg every man to become his own lawyer, and transact all his business without the aid of counsel.

the Peace, which will enable the inferior ju

icial, as well as executive officers of the go

of counsel.

The above work will be for Sale at the BookStore of W. W. WORSLEY, Lexington TAs there are but a few copies printed, hose who are desirous of purchasing will do well to apply soon.

Lexington, Oct. 10 -41

STENOGRAPHY.

THE Subscriber announces to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Lexington, and its neighborhood, that he will commence a course sons on an improved system of SHOR HAND, as soon as a sufficient number of scholars to form a class shall have made ap licaton. The utility of this art, to the stu dent and man of letters, must be obvious. The man of business may, by its means, avoid the dudgery and loss of time necessary in copying letters in the usual manner: nor will its lvantages be inconsiderable to the Ladies; the conveniency of keeping their memoran dums, and copies of their correspondence in short hand, need not be urged; and as an elegant accomplishment, they will be amply compensated for the short time devoted to its OCO (which is three-fourths of what it is attainment. Those who prefer it, will be

TApply at Lanphear's Coffee Hause T. M.QUEEN. Lexington, October 12, 1820.

10 Dollars Reward. 7 As feloniously taken from my house, on the 11th inst, a large memorandum Pocket Book,

Containing the following Bank Notes, viz :-One \$5 Kentucky note, \$7 on Barboursville 18 on the Georgetown bank, 83 on the Hart ford, Con bank, 82 on Knoxville, Ten 8. on Richmond, Va. 10 on Mountsterling, and S1 on Newport bank—Also a number of papers of no use to any person except to myself. Any person finding said pocket Book and detecting the thief shall have the above eward. B. M. MARSHALL. Cctober 12th, 1820 -41

TO SPORTSMEN.

Market-house, Lexington, or at the Great a sweepstake race, commencing on THURSDAY the 12th of OCTOBER, and to THURSDAY the 12th of OCTOBER, and to entinue three days. The first day three mile heats, entrance \$50 Second day, two mile heats, entrance \$30. The third day, one mile and repeat for a Saddlc, Bridle, Martingale &c. to be worth \$30 BALES ALABAMA COTTON for sale GEORGE PICKETT. Boon's Station, Sept. 18th, 1820-38

Protice.

Fayette Circuit Court, made at the turn Topursuance of a Decretal Order, of the serm, 1820, and an amendment there at the September term, 1120, in the suit in Chance lefendant, the undersigned Commission will expose to sale, on the premises, to the nighest bilder, for notes on the Bank of Ken tucky, or its branches, on the 11th day of No

106 Acres of Land, Or as much thereof as shall be sufficient to sa tisfy the Complainant's demand The Landi DESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of tisfy the Complainant's demand. The Land is situated in the county of Garrard, and state of Kentucky, on the Kentucky river, adjoining the lands of Elizabeth Hogan, Taylor & Hicks heirs &c. Further particulars will be made known on the day of sale by

wm on the day of sale by WM B SUMMERS Comm'rs RICH'D. SHARP, October 12, 1820-41-3

Medical Lectures.

THE MEDICAL LECTURES in TransvI vania University, will commence on the FIRST MONDAY IN NOVEMBER next, by 3. W. DUDLEY, M. D .- Prof Anatomy and

Surgery.

CHS. CALDWELL, M. D.—Institutes Medicine and Materia Medica.

W. H. RICHARDSON, M. D.—Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.
JAMES BLYTHE, n. n.—Chemistry. SAMUEL BROWN, M. n .- Theory and Prac-

By order of the Faculty, CHAS. CALDWELL, Dean. Lexington, July 20, 1820 291f

University of Maryland.

FACULTY OF PHYSIC.

BALTIMORE, AUGUST 1820. 300 Students of Physick, and others inter ested in the promotion of science, the following regulations relative to the plan of

Medical Instruction in this Institution, are I. The Lectures commence annually on the the last Monday of October, and terminate on the last day of February. The first Monday of April is the day fixed for holding the com-

encement. II A candidate may enter his name for the degree of Doctor of Physic after having attended two sessions of Lectures—but his attendnce on a term of Medical Lectures in any other school of approved reputation will be allowed in lieu of a session in this. It is, however, necessary to have attended at least one course of each professor of this Faculty. III Attendance on the Lectures of each Pro-

fessor during one term, admits a candidate for the degree of Bachelor of Physick. IV. Candidates for degrees are required to write a Thesis on some Medical subject, in the Latin, English or French language. To encourage classical attainments, a medal will be awarded for the Thesis best written in the

Latin Language.

ANATOMY—John B. Davidge, M. D. 3

Wm. Howard, M. D. Adj. 3 Daily THEORY AND PRACTICE OF MEDICINE—Nathaniel Porter, M. D.—Daily. CHEMISTRY AND MINERALOGY-Elisha De Butts,

MATERIA MEDICA-Samuel Baker, M. D.-Four times a week.

NSITUTES OF PAYSICK-Maxwell M. Dowell, spring. M. D.—Four times a week.
The Professors of Anatomy and Midwifery

pparatus, lately imported from France and angland and the Mi erological Professor amle means of treating the various subjects of

is course. The Faculty of Medici School of Physick in the University of Mary and should offer facilities equal to any othe tablishment in the United States, have deermined to finish the present splendid build ngs, and to add elegant rooms for a Museum nd various other accommodations

Right Rev. BISHOF KEMP, D. D. Provost.
MAXWELL & DOWELL M. D. Dean of the Faculty of Physick

The editors of the National Intelligencer s desired to insert the above once a week till he first of November. Richmond Enquirer nce a week six times. Lexington Gazette, Cin innati Inquisitor, Knoxville Intelligencer Charleston Courier, and Savannah Republ can will insert the same once a fortnight, a times, and forward their bill to the Federa Republican office for collection.

Rochester Springs,

RE situated one mile South of Perryville, and one quarter of a mile East of the main road leading from Lexington, Ky. to Nashville, Ten. Although there has been no accommodations for visitors at ROCHESTER isited for several years past by a number of persons, and a great many cures effected from the use of the water. As there are now such preparations made, as will justify its publici-WILL S. ROCHESTER.

Rochester Springs, April 15, 1820.-16-3m

LAW OFFICE

U. B. Chambers & J. F. Robinson, WILL Practice LAW in conjunction in the Scott and Fayette Courts. Their Of e is kept in Georgetown, opposite captai Branin's Tavern. December 17, 1819

Cash will be given for

TALLOW & SOAP GREASE. ELIVERED at my Soap and Candle Fac-tory, at the corner of Main-Cross and water-streets, at the lower end of the lower

December 30.-53 COTTON.

Tilford & Trotter.

OCTOBER BEER.

George Wood, AS commenced re ng for the fall season, and has now AMBER BEEK for

sale at the Lexington New Brewery. 3 50 her 15 do. do. at the residence of the

purchaser. 871 cents per Jar of 31 gailons-delivered at the Brewery.

A CONSTANT SUPPLY OF PORTER, by the cask or dozen. Double Pale Ale & Brown Stout, In a few weeks, when due notice will be given. A quantity of WHEAT and BARLET WANTED.

October 5. 1820-40

50 Dollars Reward ROKE Jail, with two others, on the night of the 30th July, in Lexington, a A E-GRO MAN, named

ADKINS.

He is about 23 years of age, straight made, and nearly six feet high—a midling dark com-plexion, and tolerally thick lips—and has a scar on the side of his head. The above reward will be given for him, if can sht out of this state, and delivered to me in Lexington, or secured in any convenient Jail; and twenty five dollars, if caught in this state. All reasonable expenses will be paid

ROBERT A. GATEWOOD.
Lexington, October 1820—40-7

Alexander Parker & Son,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED FROM PHILADELPHIA IN ADDITION TO THEIR FORMER ASSORTMENT THE best IMPERIAL GUNPOWDER TEA, COFFEE and LOAF SUGAR &c.
They have also for sale on good terms for

Salt and Castings. Lexington, Sept. 30, 1820-40-31

State Seminary of Indiana. SALE OF LOTS.

THE public are hereby notified, that on the 2d MONDAY IN A OVEMBER next, on that part of the reserved township in Mon-roe county, most contiguous to Bloomington, comprising the scite located for the State Seminary, there will be a sale of lots of various sizes, consisting of not less than one half acre, nor more than twenty acres each. One fifth of the purchase money will be required in advance, and the balance in three annual

Purchasers will be required to give notes with approved security, on which they will receive title bonds for the lots purchased.

local advantages: but for the better informa-tion of those living at a distance, it will not be improper to observe, that nature has been bountiful in bestowing on this place all the requisites that a generous public, zealous for the promotion of the object in view, could with reason anticipate or even desire. A salubrious climate—beautiful eminence in full view of the town, fertile country around and

excellent springs that never fail.

These advantages, combined with others too numerous to detail, hold forth a promise Finese award of the state of Surgery—
Granville Sharp Pattison, Esq.—Daily.

Minwifers and Diseases of Women and Children And Diseases of Women and respectability, who would enjy the Children R. W. Hall, M. D.—4 times a bleasings of health as well as the convenience of attending to the education of their own off-

J.1MES BORLAND, Agent. Sept 1820 -40-4t J. B. Agt. P. S. The editors of the Indiana Gazette, are provided with such apparatus and preparations as are conducive to the improvement of Western Sun and General Advertiser, Western Sun A their respective classes.

The Museum of the Professor of Surgery in variety, excellence, and number of preparations, natural and morbid, is far superior to any other in America.

The splendid Chymical and Philosophical apparents is lately imported from Proposed.

SHOE MAKING.



informs the public, that he has commenced the above business in Lexington, on Limestone street, a few doors below the Jail, where he will do any kind of

Shoe Making or Mending, Either coarse or fine, which he will warrant to be well executed. He will make SHOES any pattern, by the Leather being found, t the lowest prices, for which he will take all kinds of country produce, at the market pripatronage.

THOMAS IVEY.

Sept. 7, 1830=36 LAND FOR SALE.

OF LAND, in the county of Jessamine, and state of Kentucky, on the head waters of Clear Creck, containing

600 Acres.

Whereon the subscriber lives, well improved, with large Brick Buildings, and all other necessary out Houses; also an Apple Orchard of 500 trees, with timber and water equal to any in the county, with large pastures for stock raising.—also, a Tan Yard, Dwelling House, and all the necessary houses, with first ore parations made, as will justify its publicity, the subscriber solicits the patronage of the public, promising to use every exertion to mender general satisfaction. Travellers are informed that a road has been opened a low for U. States Paper of Silver—and a betasmall distance from Perryville, by Rochester ter bargain will be given between this and Springs, leading into the Nashville road, two Christmas, than will be had af er that time. For terms apply o the subscriber, or PHILLIP G. SMITH, living near Mount-Pleasant Meet-

ing house, Jessamine county.
WM. HUGHES. August 30, 1820-35*3

To John Curry and Mary Curry, Take Notice,

T 'AT I shall on the 18th day of September in the year 1820, take the depositions of John Reno and others, at the house of Jesse Reno, in the county of Muhlenburgh—and I shall also, on the 20th day of said month, in the year the 1820, take the deposition of Anthony Thompson and others, at the house of Samuel Hanbock, in the county of Daviss—and I shall also on the 22d day of the same month, take the deposition of John Vanada and others, at the house of Samuel Hopkins, esq in the county of Henderson, to be read as evidence in Henderson Circuit Court, wherein I am defendant and you are complainant.

Yours, &c.
MARTIN VANADA. August 3, 1820-31*2m

BLANKS, For sale at this Office.

Agents for the Gazette.

We have found it necessary to appoint A gents in the different towns where the Ga-zette is taken throughout the U. States—to send a collector to collect the dues, the "toll would eat up the grist." Although a small sum from each: yet with the Printer, it is from small sums larger ones are to grow.

Subscribers are requested to pay their sub-scriptions to either of the following gentle-men.—Those who receive their papers where no agent has been appointed, are requested to

Bowling Green-Ford & Stevenson, printers. Bardstown-Mr. Grayson, p. m. or Mr. Barnet, Printer. Baltimore-John S. Skinner. Cincinnati—Post Master. Clarksville, Ten.—Post-master.

Danville-Daniel Barbee, p. m. Eddyville—Mr. Lyon, p. m. Edwardsville, Ill.—Post-master. Estill C. H.—Post-master. Ellisville-Post-master. Flemingsburgh-Mr. Ballard, p. m. Frankfort-Mr. Crockett, p. m. Georgetoron-Mr. Sebree, p. m Hopkinsville-Mr. J. Bryan, p. m. Muntsville-Post-master. Harrodsburgh-Mr. Keller, p. m. Jeffersonville, Ind .- Post-master. Louisville-Mr. Gray, p. m. Lancaster-J. P. Letcher, p. m.

Millersburgh-George Talbot, esq. Mountsterling-Henry Daniel, esq. or the Mouroe, Ten .-- Post-master. Maysville-Mr. Roe, p. m. Mays Lick-Mr. Shotwell, p. m. Mount Zion-Post-master Nashville, T-Joseph Norvell, esq. or the Post-master.

Natchez-Post-master. Nicholasville-Dr. Younng, p. m. New-Orleans-Bartlet & Cox, or Postmaster, New-Glasgow-Post-master. Owingsville--Post-master. Philadelphia-Mr. Bache, p. m. Paris-Mr. Patten, p. in. Richmond-Mr. J. Turner, Printer. Russellville-Mr. Piper, d. p. m. St. Louis-Mr. Henry, Printer, or Post-

master. Vincennes-Thos. Dubois & Co. Versailles—Joseph W. Bryson, p. m. Winchester—Mr. Ritchie, p. m. Washington-Mr. Murphy, p. m.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE U-NITED STATES.

Whereas by an act of congress passed on the 3d of March, 1817, entitled "An act to authorize the appointment of a Surveyor for the lands in the northern part of the Mississippi Territory, and the sale of certain lands therein described," the President of the United States is authorized to cause certain lands to

Therefore, I, James Monroe, President of the United States, do hereby declare and make known, that public sales shall be held at Huntsville, in Alabama, for the disposal (according to law) of the following lands, viz:

On the 2d Monday in October next, for the sale of townships 10 and 13, in range 2, E.; townships 9, 10, 11, and 14, in range 3, E.; townships 9, 16, Each sale shall continue three weeks and on and 14, in range 4, E.; thwnships 9, 10, longer; and each sale will commence with 11, 12, 13, and 14, in range 5, E.; town- the lowest number of lot or section, township ships 12, 13, and 14, in range 6, E.; and and range, and proceed in regular numerica township 12, in range 7, E. Also, the lands in the tract commonly called Colbert's reserve.

On the Ist Monday in December next, for the sale of townships 11, 12, 13, and 14, in range 3, W.; townships 12, 13, and 14, in range 6 and 7, W.; townships 11, 12, 13, and 14, in range 8, W.? townships 12, 13, 14, in range 9, W.; townships 13, and 14, in range 10, W.; and township 14, in range 11, W.; Also, the lands adjoining the town of Mar-Office for payment. athon, which have not been offered for or for other purposes. The lands shall be sold in regular numerical order, section, township, and range,

JAMES MONROE. Josiah Meigs, Commissioner of the Ceneral Land Office.

Cash in Hand Will be given for 2 NEGRO BOYS and GIRL of an unexceptionable character. June, 3d, 1819—23tf



Benjamin Ayres, (Sign of the Cross Keys, Main-street, II AS just received from Philadelphia, in addition to his former stock the follows

GROCERIES,

Imperial, and Young Hyson & TEAS,
Best GREEN COFFEE, LOAF & LUMP SUGARS, PEPPER, &c ALSO-A few dozen PORT WINE, Holland Gin, Cogniac Brandy, West India Rum, Madeira Wine. Which he will dispose of on as reasonable terms as can be purchased elsewhere.

HE CONTINUES TO KEEP AT THE ABOVE STAND, A House of Entertainment, For the accommodation of Travellers and Boarders, where every attention will be paid to those who may favor him with ther custom. Those who wish to partake of the finest OYSTERS,

Cooked in the best and most approved style, would do well to call as above. Lexington, July 27, 1820.

Printing of all kinds, WILL BE EXECUTED AT THE

Kentucky Gazette Office, satisfaction to all who may call. With neatness, accuracy and dispatch

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE U. STATES WHEREAS the President of the United States is authorised by law to cause cer

tain lands of the United States to be offered Therefore, I, James Monroe, president o the United States, do hereby declare & make known, that public sales for the disposal,

greeably to law, of certain lands, shall be held as follows, viz: At Delaware, in Ohio, on the first Mondays n August and October next, for the sale o the lands which have been surveyed in the district of Delaware, being 45 townships and fractional townships, viz

Townships 1, 3, 4, 5 and 6, 8. of range 14 1, 3, 4, 5 and 6, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6,

Ootober Sale Townships 1, 2, 3 and 4, south of gange 1, 2, 3 and 4, 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5,

1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, At Piqua, in Ohio, on the first Monday is September next, for the sale of the land which have been surveyed in the district of Piqua, being 33 townships and fractional

At Brookville, in Indiana, on the first Monday in October next, for the lands which have been surveyed in the district of Brookville being 36 townships and fractional townships At Jessessonville, in Indiana, on the first Monday in August next, for the lands lately surveyed in the district of Jessesonville, beng 27 townships and fractional townships At Terre Haute, in Indiana, on the first Monday in September next, for the lands which have been surveyed in the district of Terre Haute, being 43 townships and frac-

tional townships.
At Edwardsville, Illinois, on the first Monlay in October next, for the lands lately sureyed in the district of Edwardsville, being

38 townships and fractional townships.

At Arkansas, in the territory of Arkansas on the first Mondays of August and Octobe next, for the lands surveyed in the district of Arkansas, being 53 townships and fractional

August Sale. Townships 5, 7, 9 and 10, S. of R. 19, west.

of 5th principal Meredian
5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 do. 20,
6, 7, 8 and 9 do. 21,
6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 & 14 do. 22, do October Sale.
Townships 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 & 14, south

of range 23, west of 5th principal meredian 8, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14 do. 24 de 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13 9, 10, 11 and 12 9, 10 and 11 9 and 10 9 and 10 Monday in September next, for the lands surveyed in the district of Cape Girardeau, be-

g thiry-five townships and fractional townin November next, for the lands in the Military Bounty tract, (north of the Missoui river,) which could not be distributed to soldiers, being chiefly quarter sections, and fractions, too small or too large for bounty

At Cahaba, in Alabama, on the first Monay in November next, for the lots in the towns of Claiborne and Jackson, and for townships

order. The lands reserved by law for the use of schools, or for other purposes, will, as usu-

Given under my hand, at the city of Washington, the eighteenth day of April, in the year 1820. JAMES MONROE.

Josian Mriss, Commissioner of the General Land Office.

Printers who are authorised to publish the laws of the United States, will insert the above once a week, till the 1st of November next, and send their accounts to the General Land

sale, except such lands as have been re-11 by THE PRESIDENT OF THE U. STATES | which are emanated from ex served by law for the support of schools, or for other purposes. The lands shall on the 17th of March, 1820, entitled "An act to authorise the President of the United States to appoint a Receiver of the pr commencing with the lowest number of lic monies and Register of the Land Office for the district of Lawrence county in the Arkan-Given under my hand, at the city of sas territory," it is enacted, that any person Washington, the 22d day June 1820. having a claim to a right of pre-emption with in the said district, shall make known hi claim and location, according to the provision of the laws now in force, to the Register at least six weeks before the time to be design: ed by the President of the United States for ssuing patents to the soldiers of the late ar-

my, entitled to bounty land in said district : Therefore I, James Monroe, President of the United States, do hereby designate the fourth Monday of November next, as the time at which patents as aforesaid shall commence

Given under my hand, at the city of Washington, the eighteenth of April 1820. JAMES MONROE.

JOSIAH MEIGS, Commissioner of the General Land Office

Tanning & Skin Dressing.

THE subscriber has for Sale at his Tan-Yard a on Main-steet, Lexington, opposite the Baptist Grave Vard, an assortment of LEATH-FR of all descriptions for Saddlers and Shoe

ALSO-A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF Tanned and Dressed Sheep & Deer Skins, Parchment, Buckskin,

White Leather &c. &c. He has always on hand a large quantity of WOOL for Hatters, Clothiers, &c.

He also takes Hides to Tan on Shares, and gives CASII for Hides. WM. CIRODE.

March 30, 1820-13-1y LIVERY STABLES.



AM happy to announce to my friends and the public generally, that I have, at a great expense rebuilt my

Livery Stables, In a manner superior to any in the State, and upon the same ground on whice they former stood. I respectfully solicit the patronag of my former customers and the public ge I shall endeavour and hope to give WILLIAM BOWMAN.

Lexington, May 29, 1820-2211

CULTIVATORS OF THE SOIL The American Farmer.

THE first number of the AMERI-CAN FARMER, was issued on the ed of April, 1819. It may be announced as an established National work, adapted to all the varieties of our climate, since many of the most eminent citizens in ALL the states, contribute by their pattronage and their pens, to its circulation and its usefulness.

To make known all discoveries in the science, and all improvements in the practice of AGRICULTURE and DOMESTIC ECONOMY-and to develope the means and designate plans of internal improvements generally constitute the chief objects to which the American Farmer is devoted. It takes no concern or interest in party politics, nor in the transient Atheneum L. occurences of the day.

The Farmer is publihed weekly, on a sheet the size of a large news paper, and Allen John Capt. folded so as to make eight pages—and to Allen Eliza L. admit of being conveniently bound up Allen Richardson and preserved in volumes. Each vol- Aldridge John P ume will consist of fifty two numbers, a title page and an index, and numerous ENGRAVINGS to represent new imple ments, and improved systems of husban-

Each number gives a true and accurate statement of the then selling prices of country produce, live stock and all the principal articles brougt for sale in the Baltimore market.

For the sum of Five Dollars, per annum to be paid in advance the actual receipt of every number is guaranteed. That is, when they fail to come to hand, buplicats shall be sent until every numbetshall have been received.

As the Editor takes the risk and cost of the mail on letters addressed to himshould subscription money miscarry, he nevertheless, holds himself, bound to furnish the paper.

To those who may think the price of subscription too high, it may be remarked, that on a comparison of their actual contents, one volume of the American Farmer will be found to contain as much as four volumes of the "Memoirs of the Agricultural Scociety of Phila-delphia;" and four of that patriotic, and and exceedingly valuable work, sell for

To show that the American Farmer, is conducted in a manner to answer the great national purpose's for which it was established, and that is not undeserving the encouragement of the Agricul turists of the United states, the following testimonials are respectfully submitted -others equally conclusive, might be offered.

Extract of a letter from Gevernor Liove, who is acknowledged to be one of the most wealthy, well informed and best managing farmers in the United States.

"The Farmer, so far, is the best Agricultural campilation, in my humble opinion, that I have ever seen, and deserves the patronage of the

ety, Eastern Shore of Maryland. "I am anxious to preserve the whole of the | Cirod William farmer in the United States. It is by the dif-fusion of knowledge only, that we can expect Cropper F C. 2 our country to improve in Agriculture, which | Crittenden Nancy thy paper is admirably calculated to impart to all who will take pains to be improved by reading."

Respectfully thy friend,

Campbell Charle

ROB. MOORE. From an address delivered by Thomas Law, Esq. President of the Agricultural Society | Gorti T. Mr.

of Prince George's county.
"Before I conclude, let me recommend to you the American Farmer, a paper which collects Dickerson John B. into a focus all the rays of light on Husbandry, Dennis Clarke 2 quarter of the | Deboe Je an annual index, which will make it equal to a Dailey I aurence library for a farmer."

From Doctor Calvin Jones; of Raleigh, North Davis Gerrard Carolina, a gentleman of high repute for his Drake Samuel devotion to the interest of Agriculture, and | Downing Doctor for his attainments in other sciences.

FOR THE RALEIGH REGISTER. Mr. Gales—I request of you the favor to inform those respectable friends who have interested themselves in the success of the "Far-mers Magazine," that the patronage proffered is not such as will justify its publication. The best service I can now render them is, to recommend to their notice the " American Far mer," an Agricultural paper, published week-ly by John S. Skinner of Baltimore. An acquaintance with this work will prevent any regret being experienced at the non-appearance of mime CALVIN JONES.

The following notice was addressed at their own expense, through the public papers of that state, by the board of managers of the Gaines Hervy J.

TO THE PLANTERS OF S. CAROLINA. The "American Farmer," which is, as appears from its title, devoted principally to Green John M. Dr. subjects relating to agriculture, contains a Graves Adali great variety of matter, the result of actual Graves Pollv and well digested experiments, embracing the Graves Ann B. whole range of domestic and rural economy, uch as cannot fail, if duly observed, to be highbeneficial to your interests. The great obect of this society is, to promote agriculture, and thereby advance the prosperity not of themselves individually, but of their fellow citizens generally. They believe they cannot more effectually, in this early stage of their Headenburg Jame organization, promote their object, than by re-Hawkins Warner commending this paper to your perusal. They therefore take the liberty to recommend the American Farmer as highly worthy of your attention. By order of the Board of Managers,

J. J. CHAPPELL,

Andre Vice-President presiding.

Extract from the proceedings of the agricul tural Society of Albemarle, Virginia, at their last meeting, May 8, 1820.

"In order more generally to disseminate the agricuitual intelligence and improvements Hambleton John made throughout the United States, the So. Harrison Robert C. ciety resolve to present each of its members with the first volume of the American Farmer, edited at Baltimore, by John S. Skinner, Esq. "P. MINOR, Sec'y."

Harrison Robert C. Hager Christ H

All gentlemen who feel an interest in the Hall Harrison circulation of a Journal devoted to the objects and conducted on the plan here described, are requested to transmit the names of subscribers Hammond Elija -but Fin all cases the money must be remitted before the paper can be sent. It will, however, be returned in any case, where the subscriber, on a view of the paper, not being satisfied may the proper to return it to the edito within three weeks,

An allowance of 10 per cent. will be made | Hunt W . G' when claimed, on all monies received for, and remitted to the editor.

A few of the first volume, either in slieets well bound, with a copious Index, remain in hand for sale

Notes of the Banks of North and South Ca-olina, Georgia and Virginia, generally, will be Jeffries John All communications to be addressed to Johnson Joseph R. JOHN S. SKINNER,

PSubscriptions for the American Farmer received at the Gazelle Of- Kouch Margarett

fice, where the work may be seen. List of Letters

EMAINING in the Post-office, at Lex- Lyle Mary ington, on the first of October, which f Looney Jose not taken out within three months, will be Long Philip ent to the General Post-office as dead letters: Lewis Mrs., Theatre Anderson Thos. & Jas. Atkinson Eliza Adamson John 4 Antrim William Allen Elvan Abert Charles H. Armstrong Milinda Anderson William Adams Win. Atcheson Hambleton Anderson A. Atchinson John, Jr.

Alsop Washington M. Allen, Sullivan & Bry-Adams George an Messrs. Bratlford Charles S Bell George Beatty Augustine Baxter Samuel Bryan John & Son Barbour Philip C. S. Boaz Daniel Burns Amariah Buck Charles C. Bell William Brashear Walter Bryan John Berryman G. W. Berry George Blythe William Buck Charles Belt Elizabeth Bell Thomas Bullock Walter Brown John Barnett William Beamish George Bates James Brown David Baker George Blair William W. Brawley Philip Boyd John Butler Pierce Bennett E. H. Steel Brown Bedford J. Messrs. Brown Samuel Dr. 2 Breckenridge Roby F

Bush Theodosha A. Benning James Berry John Bainbridge Absolem Revd. Bray — Esc Bowlin William Brooking Samuel S: libb Edward B. Brooks Benjamin Buckner Aylett Brown James R Barr Thomas T. Breckenridge Robt. R. C

Clurston George Chapman George T. Campbell Isabella Chiles Sarah A Chiles John, Richard, Crittenden R. F. W. Banton, Elijah Crane Aaron True & Col. James Curtes Elial Dudley Christian Wi Christian William C. Christian Judith

Calvert Catherine Carr Maria Ann Cochran John O. Calloway Jesse Cannon Burton Chambers William Cluff Elizabeth Chiles William B. Coons John Connell Michael Connover Lewis H. Coger Elizabeth Covington Thomas Carter William T. Carter Henry Vates Campbell Elizabeth Crawford David Cahill William Church John Chamberlain Rev.Re-

Calvert Samuel Combs Lesley Connelly Daniel Col. Mikee Drake A. B. Daviess James E. all Thomas Deas William Allen Dukeminneer John 2 Dusen William

Downing & Grant Eggleston William Eddy Ephraim B. Ellis Littleberry

Farer John Feamster Thomas J. Fendell Isaac Franklin Henry Foppington Mariah Fearnley Peter Finnell John C. Fleming Thomas J. G Grav George

Grubbs Humphrey Grooms Ehiah H Gillingham Mahlon 4 Gray George Garnett Zachariah Gibler Louissiana Glasco Asa Grubbs Stephen Gwinn Thomas Jones Gallop Solomon Griffin Lery Glover John Gregg Samuel Hobbs Jacob Handy George Hulett Roberson Hooper William

Hill John Harper Smith Harrison Ann Hughes Mary Heron Susan, John or Harrison Robert Andrew Heironimus Wesley Hampton Jesse Hambleton Jame's Hollyman Thomas Hanah John II. Hutson John Huggins Cary Harris Malinda Higbee John

Hawkins Nicholas

Hambleton Richard

Hager Elizabeth

Hickey William

Holmes Robert

Henry Robert Hill John Devemport Holland Isan N.

Jackson John Johnson Benjamin D lessup Samuel B. Insurance Bank presi-Jones Stephen Jones Ann Knox Benjamin Kunsee Mr. King William Koons George W. Knox David Kingsbury Russell 3 Lindsey Wm. Lingenfelter George Lindsey James Lindsey Robert P.
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Lincoln George

Lyman John W. Lee Elijah

Tarlow

Jamison J. D.

Loyan Rody K.

Lewis William

Lockett John Fa

Lewis John H.

Lafon Richard Munday James Masterson Moses Morris David Marquis John W. Merewether Wm Morris Mr. Meredy Elisha Madison George Morton John H. Montjoy Thomas Morse Elijah Morrison David C. Meredith Samuel Miller Anthony Moselev Christopher Miller B. Meglone Mary Miller Alexander 2 Marshall Mr. Moffitt George M. Miller Isaac Menelly Wm Martin James H: Mills Isaac Mott James Milligan Wm Martin Rebaca Martin Margarett Morisson James Col. 4 Martin Obediah M'Chord John Miller Daniel McClanahan Elijah M'Cracken John M'Kee Samuel Moore Nathaniel Massie Robert M'Isaac Isaac Mix Wm M'Kane James Masterson Mary M'Crosky Elijah Milton Elijah M'Coy Neal Marshall Robert Morrison E. D. dec'd M'Kenzie David C. representatives Mulican Isaac M'Conathy Jacob Milvain Hanah Mesmer Grandeson McLaughlin George McRobb Wm Moore Elizabeth Muffett John M'Dowell James Col. Marshall Polly M'Bride Mary A. M'Dowell John Maj. 2 teredith Elijah (ooloured man Moseley Leonard M Meekin Samuel M all John W'Chord David L.

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Rilly Thomas

Rogers Joseph

Reed Isaac Rush Patrick Sheriff of Fayetto Stevenson Robert Sharpe Ebenezer Simms & Nally Simpson Catherine Scott John 3 Shamblin George Sacre George Schooler Lewis Stark John Showard Leven Stoutt Jedediah Stoutt Ber.jamin Smith Lewis H. Spangler Mary Smith Thomas Sparks Elenor Sherell Samuel Simral James Scantling Dorithes Shelby James Gen. 2 Snodgrass John Stainton Wm. Shroud George Showell Henry Sharp William P. Stanhope John Senat P. L. Stewart Wm. M. Story G. Suljivan Wm. Samuel John Smallwood Josephus Shore Susannah Schooler Lucy Stevens John Stevens Thomas Sinclair John Smith John Stoutt Ashton Sallee James

Smith William Stuton David Schlatter Wm Sutton & Coleman Sanders Lewis Tomlia Charles Townsley Jon Fully Wesley Phompson Asa Tybatts John W True James Taylor Mrs Taylor Hannah Trotter J. G. Taylor John M Trussn G. E. Tutt Benjamin Taylor Leonard True Wm Phompson Benjamin Trotter Wm. sen Tedman Francis Todd John Dr. Taylor Wm Tracey Thomas Trimble David Todd Samuel B Tull Thomas Tompkins Dr. B. Todd W. ol Trimbell James Todd David Tingle Jasper Thompson Francis T.2

Vance Elizabeth Webb Wm R Vardeman Jeremiah 2 West Ann C Wilgus Eliza Homer Win.
Hinds Wm. & Martha
Haas Cathar ne
Wagoner Win
Walling Joseph B
Wilson Edward J. Williams James W. Warren Thomas B Wallace John

Vance David

Wirt Samuel

Webb James Webb Thomas W Warfield Chas A Wallingsford Joel White Matthe Wilson Robt Mai Walker Abram Watts Garrett Weeks Wm

Wright Alfred Rev S Watson William W Whitcomb James Welsh James, sen 2 Worthington W. G.D. Weeston J. W. Williams Charlotte Wingate Robert Wright Geo. Bledsoe 2Walker Jane Wadding Wm 4 Wilson Joseph J Wilson Braxton G Wilson Joseph Webster Bright Berry Wilson Abner Winn Mary Wooley John Waker Adam R. White John Yarnal Beni. 2 Wallace Christian 3 Clerk Fayette C.C. 8 No CREDIT will be given for letters in this office, under any circumstances whatever, except to those who have established arrow

Watkins Peggy Walker Alexander

Wallace Mortimes

White Reuhen

Whaley Jane

Wiley Robert

JOHN FOWLER, P. M. October 4, 1820.

A List of Letters, DEMAINING in the Post-office in Vers 2 sailles, Ky. which if not taken out before the 1st of January next; will be sent to the General Post-office as dead letters. Reuben Anderson Jos. Kinkead Wm. Ashmore

Landy Lin Isey

Wm. Ashing Lawrance Ashton John Long, Jr. James Lansby James Anderson James Aleins H. & W Long Wm. B. Blackburn Lizzy & O'Bannio Jos. Buchannon Jno. Long & Brothe, Josiah Boon James C. Long Dr R. B. Bohannon 2 Adam Linn Jerry Buckley 3 Abner Lefoe Harman Bowmar Wm. Mayo John Buford Austin Ball John M'Kinney, Jr. Wm. T. Bohannon Moses Boon, Samuel Rell

Mira L. Madison Benjamin M'Farland Dennis M'Carty John Bohannon Robt. M'Mains Samuel S. Brooking Doctor Jacob Bodine John Melton Francis Buford Sarah M'Illvain Wm. Cunningham Wm. M'Clure Geo. T Cotton James Martin N. B. Cook & co. Jerry Morton Wm. H. Cosby James Moss Jasper Collins James G. M'Kinney James S. Craig Daniel M'Coy. Benj. Cloak James Nicholson

Allen Caldwell Warren Offutt In Cleaviand Samuel Campbell Hillery Offutt Thomas Cave Cap. H. J. Offatt los. Collins Nimrod Cogwell Ambrose Pitman Jane Caldwell James Coleman Sanford Perry Lewis Castleman Lewis Payto Clerk of Woodford cir-James Plew Lewis Payton William Preston

cuit court Wm. Pulliam Nancey Dickey Johnathan Peacher Francis Duenington 2 Mary Parker Samuel Derilbiss Shadrach Pilcher Alex. Dunlap Richard Dodson Anne Daveiss Isaac Rutherford Willis Rucker John Dean Ahmed Rucker

Thos. Rankin James Edwards Lewis Sullivan Richard Efford William Edgar Mr. Stevenson John E liott Andrew Elliott Anna Smide Richard D Shipp Nicholas W. Eastland Sheriff W. C. Col. Jno. Francisco. Jno. Stevenson Richd Fox Jos. Smith Adam Summers

Wm. Gardner Frances A. Simms Frances Goodloe Thos. Tureman Benj. Guthery James Gay Mary Tarraut Lewis Garnett Wm. Trousdail Wm. R. Thompson Lucinda Graddy John Gill Lakin Tarrant Jos. F Taylor Samuel Tillery Wm. W. Grant H. Saml Torbitt Thos. Harper Jane E. Trabue Isham Tolbert Noah Haydor Elizabeth Harrison Elizabeth Tureman Eppe Tiltery John Hanna & co. Archd Terrill John Y Hiter

V. & W. Lewis Haller Thos. Hays John D. White John Wooldridge Tames C. Hiter Geo. R. Wilkins Elijah Hendron A. B. Hamilton Edward B. Wood David Hager Chesley Wooldridge Johna Warren L Wilkinson Jerry Wilson Charles Withers

David L. Jackson Saml Jesse, Sen Cap. A. Kinkead Danl. J. Williams Jno. Kinkead Wm. Kinkead William Wood Phebe Watkins J. & I. Kinkead JOS. W. BRYSON, A. P. M. Versailles, Oct 1, 1820.

For Sale or to Rent, A COTTON FACTORY, Containing 108 Spindles & 3 Carding Machines WITH every necessary appurtenance, all in good order and ready for immediate business. This property is fitted up in a good brick house, located in a valuable and covenient part of the town, and will be sold separate the sold separ

rately or with the house to suit the purchaser Terms liberal, both as to price and time of payment: and we believe, that we can assert without presumption, that no place in Kentucky would better support an establishment of its size than Versailles, where there is a regular and increasing demand for Cotton Yarns. Apply to

R. & W. B. LONG. Versailles, Feb. 5-tf

James E. Davig.

His office will win the Fayette Courte. His office will oe found over the room formerly occupied by Ja. Haggin, esq. first door below grazer's corner. He pledges himself to be diligent and punctual in confided to him. Aug. 20-34tf

Travellers and Others

ARE informed, they can be accommodated at B. Gaines's Boarding House, O' Market-street, between the Episcopa. Church and the Public Square, by the Dsy, Week, or Single Meal, viz Boarding & lodging by the Week, \$4 50 By the Day, : :: : : By the Dinner, : Breakfast or Supper, Horse, Livery Stable prices.
Lexington, June 22, 1820.—2